# **Environmental Protection Agency**

## Subpart E—Final Order

791.85 Availability of final Agency order.

#### Subpart F—Prohibited Acts

791.105 Prohibited acts.

AUTHORITY: 15 U.S.C. 2603 and 2607.

SOURCE: 48 FR 31791, July 11, 1983, unless otherwise noted.

# **Subpart A—General Provisions**

#### § 791.1 Scope and authority.

- (a) This part establishes procedures and criteria to be used in determining fair amounts of reimbursement for testing costs incurred under section 4(a) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) (15 U.S.C. 2603(a)).
- (b) Section 4(c) of TSCA requires EPA to develop rules for the determination of fair and equitable reimbursement (15 U.S.C. 2603 (c)).

#### § 791.2 Applicability.

- (a) This rule is potentially applicable to all manufacturers, importers and processors who may be required by a specific test rule promulgated under section 4(a) of TSCA to conduct tests and submit data, and who seek the assistance of the Administrator in determining the amount or method of reimbursement. Persons subject to a test rule have an obligation from the date the test rule becomes effective until the end of the reimbursement period, either to test or to obtain an exemption and pay reimbursement.
- (b) The provisions of this rule will take effect only when private efforts to resolve a dispute have failed and a manufacturer or processor requests EPA's assistance.

### § 791.3 Definitions.

Terms defined in the Act, and not explicitly defined herein, are used with the meanings given in the Act.

- (a) The Act refers to the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) (15 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.).
- (b) *The Agency* or *EPA* refers to the Environmental Protection Agency.
- (c) Byproduct refers to a chemical substance produced without a separate commercial intent during the manufac-

ture, processing, use or disposal of another chemical substance or mixture.

- (d) Dispute refers to a present controversy between parties subject to a test rule over the amount or method of reimbursement for the cost of developing health and environmental data on the test chemical.
- (e) Exemption holder refers to a manufacturer or processor, subject to a test rule, that has received an exemption under sections 4(c)(1) or 4(c)(2) of TSCA from the requirement to conduct a test and submit data.
- (f) *Impurity* refers to a chemical substance unintentionally present with another chemical substance or mixture.
- (g) A party refers to a person subject to a section 4 test rule, who:
- (1) Seeks reimbursement from another person under these rules, or
- (2) From whom reimbursement is sought under these rules.
- (h) Reimbursement period refers to a period that begins when the data from the last non-duplicative test to be completed under a test rule is submitted to EPA and ends after an amount of time equal to that which had been required to develop that data or after 5 years, whichever is later.
- (i) Small business refers to a manufacturer or importer whose annual sales, when combined with those of its parent company (if any) are less than \$30 million.
- (j) Test rule refers to a regulation ordering the development of data on health or environmental effects or chemical fate for a chemical substance or mixture pursuant to TSCA section 4(a).

# **Subpart B—Hearing Procedures**

# § 791.20 Initiation of reimbursement proceeding.

(a) When persons subject to a test rule are unable to reach an agreement on the amount or method of reimbursement for test data development as described in TSCA section 4(c)(3)(A), any of them may initiate a proceeding by filing two signed copies of a request for a hearing with a regional office of the American Arbitration Association and mailing a copy of the request to EPA, and to each person from whom they